GIFT BRINGERS–QUESTIONS AND ASNWERS

Choose the correct answer.

1.	What is the equivalent figure to Santa Claus in Russia and other Slavic countries?
	a. Old Man Frost/Ded Moroz
	b. Winter Grandfather/Dzmer Pap
	c. Grandfather Christmas/Dyado Koleda
	Answer: a
2.	In Russia the Santa Claus figure delivers presents with the help of:
	a. Snow Beauty/Qarhïlïw
	b. The Snow Maiden/Snegurochka
	c. Little Jesus/Isusek
	Answer: b
3.	The Snow Maiden is said to be the of the Russian Santa Claus.
	a. Wife
	b. Daughter
	c. Granddaughter
	Answer: c
4.	Old Man Frost is said to carry
	a. A long magical staff
	b. An enchanted sword
	c. A magical cape.
	Answer: a
5.	In Russia Old Man Frost delivers the gifts:
	a. Secretly
	b. In person, on an arranged visit
	c. On the second day of Christmas.
	Answer: b
	In Bulgaria the Santa Claus figure is called:
	a. Grandfather Christmas/Dyado Koleda
	b. Winter Grandfather/Dzmer Pap
	c. Old Man Frost/Ded Moroz
	Answer: a
7.	In France Saint Nicolas brings gifts on the 6 th of December carried by
	a. A dragon
	b. A Unicorn
	c. A donkey
	Answer: c
8.	In France Saint Nicolas usually brings for children:
	a. gifts, biscuits and sweets

b. toys and biscuits
c. toys and a small rod
Answer: a
9. In some regions of Italy Saint Nicholas/San Nicolò is celebrated with a feast called: a. Fiera di San Nicolò
b. Festa a mare
c. Rito delle nubile
Answer: a
10. In a region of Portugal Saint Nicholas/ São Nicolau is the patron saint of:
a. Children
b. High School students
c. Widows
Answer: b
11. On 5 th December children in the Netherlands and Belgium put in their shoes
as a gift for Saint Nicholas' horse.
a. Cookies
b. A carrot and some hay
c. Apples
Answer: b
12. In The Netherlands and Belgium Saint Nicholas/ Sinterklaas is helped by:
a. Elvesb. Dwarves
c. Black Petes
Answer: c
13. In The Netherlands and Belgium if the children have been naughty, Saint Nicholas'
helpers will:
a. Put the children in sacks and take them to Spain
b. Not give them any presents
c. Give them a rod.
Answer: a
14. In Austria Saint Nicholas is accompanied by who punishes children for being
bad.
a. Krampus
b. Schmutzli
c. Gumphinckel
Answer: a
15. In Poland Saint Nicholas/ Mikołaj is also accompanied by:
a. An elf
b. A troll
c. An angel

Answer: c
16. In Romania and Hungary children leave on the windowsill, so that Saint
Nicholas can fill them with presents.
a. Boots
b. Gloves
c. Hats
Answer: a
17. In Italy children receive gifts on the 5 th of December from:
a. La Befana
b. La Strega
c. La Regina
Answer: a
18. On 5 th December in Italy La befana will fill children's socks if they have been bad
with:
a. A lump of coal or dark candy
b. Bugs
c. Mice
Answer: a
19. In Italy La befana is usually portrayed as an old woman, covered in soot, wearing a
black shawl and riding:
a. A dragon
b. A broom
c. A poney
Answer: b
20. In Spain the children receive presents on the 5 th or 6 th of December from:
a. Santa Claus
b. The three Magi/Reyes Magos
c. Little Jesus
Answer: b
21. In some parts of Spain, such as Catalonia, candies and nuts are also delivered by:
a. The Winter fairy
b. The Christmas log/ Tió de Nadal
c. Santa Claus
Answer: b
22. In Turkey people exchange gifts:
a. On the 6^{th} of December
b. On the 25 th of December
c. On New Year's Eve

Answer: c

23. The traditional Turkish New Year's Day meal includes:

- a. Roasted lamb b. Roasted beef c. Roasted turkey Answer: c 24. On Christmas Eve in Sweden, Denmark and Norway people put _____ for the Santa Claus figure: a. Cookies and milk b. A bowl of porridge c. Candies and figs Answer: b 25. The traditional Santa Claus figure in Sweden is called: a. The Yule/Christmas Gnome / Jultomten b. The Yule Goat/Julbock c. The Yule Nisse Answer: a 26. A gift bringer to children in countries such as Germany, The Christkind is: a. A mischievous elf b. Santa Claus' helper c. A sprite-like child, with blond hair and angelic wings. Answer: c 27. In Poland on 5th or 6th December children will find gifts in their shoes or: a. Under the Christmas tree b. Under their pillows c. Under the bed Answer: b 28. In Greek tradition children receive gifts on the 1st of January from: a. Santa Claus b. Saint Nicholas c. Saint Basil Answer: c 29. In France on Christmas children get presents:
 - a. In their stockings
 - b. Under their pillows
 - c. In their shoes placed under the Christmas tree

Answer: c

- 30. In Britain people help Father Christmas/Santa Claus by:
 - a. Cleaning the chimneys
 - b. Leaving sherry and mince pies
 - c. Decorating the Christmas tree

Answer: b

TRADITIONAL FOODS –QUESTIONS AND ASNWERS

Match the traditional food/drink in the picture with its right name and originating country:



- 1.
- a) Panettone-ITALY
 - b) Yule log or bûche de Noël -FRANCE
 - c) **Plum Pudding- THE UNITED KINGDOM**Answer: c



- 2.
- a) Pepparkakor Gingersnaps-SWEDEN
- b) Turrón is a confection, typically made of honey, sugar, and egg white-SPAIN
- c) Börek / burek- TURKEY



- a) Pepperkake Christmas Tree- NORWAY
- b) Uszka (small dumplings)-POLAND
- c) Yule log or bûche de Noël -FRANCE Answer: b



- a) Christstollen -GERMANY
- b) Pepperkake Christmas Tree- NORWAY
- c) L'agnello lamb accompanied with vegetables, mashed potato and lentils- ITALY Answer: a



- a) Piernik Honey Cake POLAND
 - b) **Aquavit/Aqvavit** is a potato-based spirit flavoured with herbs such as caraway seeds, anise, dill, fennel and coriander-NORWAY
 - c) Bombardino Italian version of eggnog- ITALY Answer: c



a) Panettone-ITALY

- b) Koledna Pitka-BULGARIA
- c) Turrón is a confection, typically made of honey, sugar, and egg white- SPAIN Answer: a



- 7. a) Pepperkake Christmas Tree- NORWAY
 - b) Gravlax-salt-cured raw salmon DENMARK
 - c) Börek / burek- TURKEY Answer: b



- 8.
- a) Janssons frestelse ("Jansson's Temptation") warm scalloped potato casserole with anchovies-SWEDEN
- b) Barszcz (clear beetroot soup) -POLAND
- c) Melomakarona, a cookie drizzled with an aromatic honey syrup and sprinkled with walnuts-GREECE



- 9. a) Polvorones- SPAIN
 - b) Yule log or bûche de Noël –FRANCE
 - c) Chleb Wigilijny-POLAND Answer: b



- a) Christopsomo the Bread of Christmas-GREECE
- b) Ris ala Mande- rice porridge- DENMARK
- c) Caltabosi sausages made from heart, liver, lung and meat of the head-ROMANIA Answer: c



- 11.
- a) Barszcz (beetroot soup) –POLAND
- b) Risgryngrot, special rice porridge with one almond in it- SWEDEN
- c) Piftie pork and beef based aspic, with pork meat, vegetables and garlic- ROMANIA Answer: a



- 12.
- a) Maslenki-BULGARIA
 - b) Piftie pork and beef based aspic, with pork meat, vegetables and garlic-ROMANIA
 - c) L'agnello lamb accompanied with vegetables, mashed potato and lentils- ITALY Answer: b



- 13.
- a) Turrón is a confection, typically made of honey, sugar, and egg white- SPAIN
- b) Piernik Honey Cake POLAND
- c) Sachertorte is a specific type of chocolate cake, or torte, invented by Austrian Franz Sacher in 1832 for Prince Wenzel von Metternich in Vienna, Austria-AUSTRIA Answer: a



- 14
- a) Uszka (small dumplings)-POLAND
- b) Bacalhau is dried and salted codfish- PORTUGAL
- c) Maslenki-BULGARIA Answer: c



a) Börek / burek- TURKEY

b) Kerstkransjes (Christmas wreath cookies)- THE NETHERLANDS

c) Piernik - Honey Cake - POLAND



- **a)** Aquavit/Aqvavit is a potato-based spirit flavoured with herbs such as caraway seeds, anise, dill, fennel and coriander-NORWAY
- **b)** Pepparkakor Gingersnaps-SWEDEN
- **c)** Bombardino Italian version of eggnog- ITALY Answer: a



- a) Börek / burek- TURKEY
 - b) Panettone-ITALY
 - c) Koledna Pitka-BULGARIA Answer: c



- 18.
- a) Polvorones- SPAIN
- b) Plum Pudding- THE UNITED KINGDOM
- c) Risgryngrot, special rice porridge with one almond in it- SWEDEN Answer: a



- a) Risgryngrot, special rice porridge with one almond in it-SWEDEN
- b) L'agnello lamb accompanied with vegetables, mashed potato and lentils- ITALY
- c) Christopsomo the Bread of Christmas-GREECE Answer: b



- a) Christopsomo the Bread of Christmas-GREECE
- b) Melomakarona, a cookie drizzled with an aromatic honey syrup and sprinkled with walnuts-GREECE
- c) Ris ala Mande- rice porridge- DENMARK Answer: a



- a) Melomakarona, a cookie drizzled with an aromatic honey syrup and sprinkled with walnuts-GREECE
- b) Ris ala Mande-rice porridge- DENMARK
- c) Uszka (small dumplings)-POLAND Answer: b



22.

- a) Kerstkransjes (Christmas wreath cookies)- THE NETHERLANDS
- b) Kerststol (fruited Christmas loaf)- THE NETHERLANDS
- c) L'agnello lamb accompanied with vegetables, mashed potato and lentils-ITALY



a) Sachertorte is a specific type of chocolate cake, or torte, invented by Austrian Franz Sacher in 1832 for Prince Wenzel von Metternich in Vienna, Austria-AUSTRIA

b) Pepperkake Christmas Tree- NORWAY

c) Börek / burek- TURKEY Answer: b



a) Chleb Wigilijny-POLAND

- b) Maslenki-BULGARIA
- c) Piftie pork and beef based aspic, with pork meat, vegetables and garlic-ROMANIA



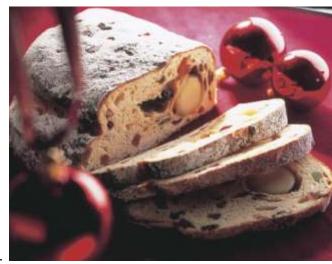
- 25
- a) Janssons frestelse ("Jansson's Temptation") warm scalloped potato casserole with anchovies-SWEDEN
- b) Polvorones- SPAIN
- c) Bacalhau is dried and salted codfish- PORTUGAL Answer: c



- 26.
- a) Melomakarona, a cookie drizzled with an aromatic honey syrup and sprinkled with walnuts-GREECE
- b) Maslenki-BULGARIA
- c) Pepperkake Christmas Tree- NORWAY



- a) Piernik Honey Cake POLAND
- b) Ris ala Mande- rice porridge- DENMARK
- c) Kerstkransjes (Christmas wreath cookies)- THE NETHERLANDS Answer: a



- a) Caltabosi sausages made from heart, liver, lung and meat of the head-ROMANIA
- b) Kerststol (fruited Christmas loaf)- THE NETHERLANDS
- c) Christopsomo the Bread of Christmas-GREECE Answer: b



- 29.
- a) Risgryngrot, special rice porridge with one almond in it-SWEDEN
- b) Uszka (small dumplings)-POLAND
- c) Plum Pudding- THE UNITED KINGDOM



- Sachertorte is a specific type of chocolate cake, or torte, invented by Austrian Franz Sacher in 1832 for Prince Wenzel von Metternich in Vienna, Austria-AUSTRIA
- b) Piernik Honey Cake POLAND
- c) Melomakarona, a cookie drizzled with an aromatic honey syrup and sprinkled with walnuts-GREECE

Answer: a

WINTER TRADITIONS-QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Choose the correct answer.

- 1. Traditionally, in the United Kingdom on December 26th or Boxing Day, servants and tradesmen would:
 - a. Receive gifts in a box from their employers
 - b. Decorate boxes with ribbons
 - c. Give boxes of fruit to children.

Answer: a

- 2. In the United Kingdom the twelve days of Christmas are also known as:
 - a. Twelfth night
 - b. Christmastide
 - c. Feast of the Epiphany

Answer: b

- 3. In the United Kingdom on 5th of January or Twelfth Night it is customary to:
 - a. Give presents to neighbours
 - b. Build snowmen
 - c. Take down all Christmas decorations.

Answer: c

- 4. In Poland on Christmas day it is traditional to:
 - a. Have a traditional Christmas meal/Wigilia
 - b. Have a snowball fight
 - c. Decorate the Christmas tree

- 5. Because of the thirteen-day difference between Gregorian and Iulian calendars, in Russia Christmas is celebrated on:
 - a. 1st of January
 - b. 28th of December
 - c. 7th of January

Answer: c

- 6. The traditional Russian Christmas dinner has:
 - a. 3 courses
 - b. 9 courses
 - c. 12 courses

Answer: c

- 7. In Finland on Christmas day it is traditional for people to:
 - a. Have a public party
 - b. Go skiing
 - c. Listen to the Declaration Of Christmas Peace

Answer: c

- 8. In Iceland between the Old year day (Gamlársdagur) and the New Year's Day (Nýársdagur) it is traditional to:
 - a. Have a party
 - b. Shoot up fireworks
 - c. Go ice-skating

Answer: b

- 9. Starting with Saint Lucy's Day/Luciadagen) Swedish people begin to prepare for the holiday season by:
 - a. Decorating the Christmas tree
 - b. Decorating their houses
 - c. Putting electric candles and glowing stars in almost every window.

Answer: c

- 10. In Sweden traditionally a Christmas present must have:
 - a. Red ribbon and green wrapping
 - b. A rhyme hinting at the contents, written on the wrapping paper
 - c. Double bows and no wrapping

Answer: b

- 11. In Romania the Christmas tree is traditionally decorated on:
 - a. The 25th of December
 - b. The 1st of January
 - c. The 24th of December

Answer: c

- 12. In Romania on the first day of Christmas groups of children go from house to house:
 - a. Singing carols
 - b. Asking for gifts
 - c. Playing tricks

- 13. In Bulgaria on Christmas eve it is traditional to:
 - a. Invite carolers to the house

- b. Place a log/Budnik on the fire in the house
- c. Decorate the house with Christmas lights.

Answer: b

- 14. The tradition of the Christmas tree first appeared in regions of:
 - a. Germany
 - b. France
 - c. Spain

Answer: a

- 15. In southern Italy on Christmas Eve there is *the Ndocciata*, an ancient festival when:
 - a. People carry torches through the city
 - b. People carry statues of saints through the city
 - c. People build human towers.

Answer: a

- 16. In Italy on the 6th of January it is traditional to:
 - a. Burn female puppets, symbolizing the end of the old year
 - b. Build huge bonfires
 - c. Change the Christmas decorations

Answer: a

- 17. In Spain the Christmas period or NAvidad lasts from:
 - a. 25th of December to 31st of December
 - b. 25th of December to 1st of January
 - c. 24th of December to 6th of January

Answer: c

- 18. In Spain it is customary, especially for young people, to spend New Years' Eve:
 - a. Having a family meal
 - b. Going out for a big feast in bars and pubs, known as a "cotillón"
 - c. Shoot up fireworks

Answer: b

- 19. In France the long dinners or parties held on Christmas Day and New Years' Eve are called:
 - a. Habillement
 - b. Réveillon
 - c. Merveille

Answer: b

- 20. In the United Kingdom the Christmas wreath traditionally must be made:
 - a. with three purple, one pink and one white candle
 - b. with three red ribbons and a white candle
 - c. with no other decorations

Answer: a

21. In the United Kingdom on Christmas day most theaters have a tradition of:

- a. Putting on a Christmas play
- b. Putting on a Christmas pantomime for the children
- c. Having a free day

Answer: b

- 22. In Austria on New Year's Eve, at midnight, all radio and television programmes broadcast:
 - a. the sound of the Pummerin, the bell of St. Stephen's Cathedral in Vienna, followed by the Donauwalzer ("The Blue Danube") by Johann Strauss II
 - b. The president's speech
 - c. The New Year declaration of peace

Answer: a

- 23. On New Year's Day Belgian farmers traditionally:
 - a. Give gifts to their neighbours
 - b. Sing carols
 - c. Wish their animals a happy new year.

Answer: c

- 24. In Finland *molybdomancy* or telling the fortunes of the New Year is done by:
 - a. melting tin or lead in a pan and throwing it quickly in cold water, then interpreting the shapes
 - b. making tea and interpreting the shapes of the tea leaves
 - c. melting candle wax and interpreting the resulting shapes

Answer: a

- 25. In Germany on New Year's Eve an auspicious action is said to be:
 - a. Touching a chimney sweep for good luck
 - b. Wearing a red ribbon on one's coat
 - c. Wearing red boots

Answer: a

- 26. In Italy on New Year's Eve eating a lentil stew when bell tolls midnight, one spoonful per bell is said to bring good luck, with the lentils representing:
 - a. Gifts
 - b. New friends
 - c. Coins

Answer: c

- 27. In Poland on New Year's Eve/ Sylwester traditionally there is a large open-air concert held:
 - a. in the Main Square in Krakow
 - b. In front of the Presidential Palace
 - c. In front of Parliament

Answer: a

28. In Russia it is traditional in the last twelve seconds of the old year to:

- a. Remember the happy moments of the year
- b. Make secret wishes for the New Year
- c. Pray for health and fortune

Answer: b

- 29. In Scotland New Year's is sometimes celebrated with First-Footing, which involves:
 - a. Friends or family members going to each other's houses with a gift of whisky and sometimes a lump of coal
 - b. Friends or family members going to each other's houses to sing carols
 - c. Friends or family members going to each other's houses to put up decorations.

Answer: a

- 30. In Spain on New Year's Eve it is good luck to:
 - a. Wear new boots
 - b. Wear new, red underwear
 - c. Wear blue ribbons

Answer: b